

# REGIONAL COACHING CENTRE

## Unit Test(Physics)

Time: 1.5 Hr

Class XII

Max Marks: 30

- (4 points) A circular coil of wire consisting of 100 turns, each of radius 8.0 cm carries a current of 4.0 A. What is the magnitude of the magnetic field B at the coil.
- (4 points) What is the magnitude of magnetic force per unit length on a wire carrying a current of 8 A and making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the direction of a uniform magnetic field of 0.15 T ?
- (4 points) A 3.0 cm wire carrying a current of 10 A is placed inside a solenoid perpendicular to its axis. The magnetic field inside the solenoid is given to be 0.27 T. What is the magnetic force on the wire?
- (4 points) Two long and parallel straight wires A and B carrying currents of 8.0 A and 5.0 A in the same direction separated by a distance of 4.0 cm. Estimate the force on a 10 cm section of wire A.
- (3×4 = 12 points) Answer any three any three of the following.
  - Derive an expression for the torque acting on a current carrying loop placed in the uniform magnetic field.
  - Describe the principle and construction of a moving coil galvanometer. Prove that current flowing in the coil is directly proportional to its deflection. What is the importance of the radial field?
  - With the help of the diagram, explain principle and working of a cyclotron. Show that cyclotron frequency doesn't depend on the speed of the particles.
  - Using ampere's circuital law, obtain an expression for the magnetic field due to a long solenoid at a point inside the solenoid on its axis.
- (2 points) A deuteron of kinetic energy 50 keV is describing a circular orbit of radius 0.5 m in a plane perpendicular to magnetic field  $\vec{B}$ . The kinetic energy of the proton that describes a circular orbit of radius 0.5 m in the same plane with the same  $\vec{B}$  is
  - 25 keV
  - 50 keV
  - 200 keV
  - 100 keV

(CBSE PMT)